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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/982,589	10/17/2001	Tuomo Hokkanen	975.365USW1	7571
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TYSONS COR	NER, VA 22182		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			DATE MAILED: 09/02/2003	17

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



Ch

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/982,589	HOKKANEN, TUOMO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Eugene Yun	2682
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	136(a). In no event, however, may a	reply be timely filed
<ul> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replication of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuten the Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A	NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<del></del>	
, <del>_</del>	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-51</u> is/are pending in the applicati	on.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-51</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 October 2001</u> is/are	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obj	ected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abey	rance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)☐ approved b)☐	disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	eply to this Office action.	
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in A	Application No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International But See the attacked detailed Office action for a line.	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	•	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes		
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pr</li> <li>15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes</li> </ul>	• •	
Attachment(s)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)</li> </ol>	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 7/7/2003 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 27-38 and 43-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dennison et al. (US 5,546,445) in view of Zadeh (US 6,324,406).

Referring to Claim 27, Dennison teaches a method for performing a handover procedure for a mobile station communicating in a communication network and being movable therein, said communication network comprising a plurality of base transceiver stations being adapted to perform a communication with said mobile station within a coverage area of a respective one of said base transceiver stations (see ABSTRACT), said method comprising the steps of:

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processing location information related to the mobile station by comparing position information of the mobile station with position information related to the base transceiver stations (see col. 6, lines 54-63);

designating a next base transceiver station in said communication network, to which the communication with said mobile station is to be directed from a current base transceiver station (see col. 5, lines 39-42);

triggering a handover of the communication connection of the mobile station from the current base transceiver station to the next base transceiver station designated in said designating step (see col. 5, lines 55-56); and

performing the handover (see col. 5, lines 42-43).

Dennison does not teach deciding on the basis of the result of said processing of said location information, whether a first handover condition based on said location information is fulfilled or not, when the first handover condition based on said location information is not fulfilled, checking subscriber specifications, whether or not another measurement related to a handover is to be performed, wherein said another measurement results in a determination of a second handover condition, and designating a next base transceiver station in said communication network, to which the communication with said mobile station is to be directed from a current base transceiver station, when the first handover or the second handover condition is fulfilled. Zadeh teaches deciding on the basis of the result of said processing of said location information, whether a first handover condition based on said location information is fulfilled or not (see col. 5, lines 18-22), when the first handover condition based on said

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location information is not fulfilled, checking subscriber specifications, whether or not another measurement related to a handover is to be performed, wherein said another measurement results in a determination of a second handover condition (see col. 5, lines 26-30), and designating a next base transceiver station in said communication network, to which the communication with said mobile station is to be directed from a current base transceiver station, when the first handover or the second handover condition is fulfilled (see col. 5, lines 28-30). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Zadeh to said method of Dennison in order to use additional base stations to better prevent call dropping due to failed handovers.

Referring to Claim 43, Dennison teaches a device for controlling a handover procedure for a mobile station communicating in a communication network and being movable therein, said communication network comprising a plurality of base transceiver stations being adapted to perform a communication with said mobile station within a coverage area of a respective one of said base transceiver stations (see ABSTRACT), said device comprising:

a processing means for processing location information related to said mobile station by comparing position information of the mobile station with position information related to the base transceiver stations (see col. 6, lines 54-63);

a designating means for designating a next base transceiver station in said communication network, to which the communication with said mobile station is to be directed from a current base transceiver station (see col. 5, lines 39-42); and

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a triggering means for triggering a handover of the communication connection of the mobile station from the current base transceiver station to the next base transceiver station designated by said designating means (see col. 5, lines 55-56).

Dennison does not teach deciding on the basis of the result of said processing of said location information, whether a first handover condition based on said location information is fulfilled or not, when the first handover condition based on said location information is not fulfilled, checking subscriber specifications, whether or not another measurement related to a handover is to be performed, wherein said another measurement results in a determination of a second handover condition, and designating a next base transceiver station in said communication network, to which the communication with said mobile station is to be directed from a current base transceiver station, when the first handover or the second handover condition is fulfilled. Zadeh teaches deciding on the basis of the result of said processing of said location information, whether a first handover condition based on said location information is fulfilled or not (see col. 5, lines 18-22), when the first handover condition based on said location information is not fulfilled, checking subscriber specifications, whether or not another measurement related to a handover is to be performed, wherein said another measurement results in a determination of a second handover condition (see col. 5, lines 26-30), and designating a next base transceiver station in said communication network, to which the communication with said mobile station is to be directed from a current base transceiver station, when the first handover or the second handover condition is fulfilled (see col. 5, lines 28-30). Therefore, it would have been obvious to

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one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Zadeh to said method of Dennison in order to use additional base stations to better prevent call dropping due to failed handovers.

Referring to Claims 28 and 44, Dennison also teaches at least one additional parameter processed together with said location information related to the mobile station and position information related to the base transceiver stations (see second half of ABSTRACT).

Referring to Claims 29 and 45, Dennison also teaches said additional parameter based on signal quality (see last sentence of ABSTRACT).

Referring to Claims 30 and 46, Dennison also teaches determining said location information related to the mobile station and transmitting said determined location to a respective network device adapted to perform said processing step (see col. 5, lines 31-36).

Referring to Claim 31, Dennison also teaches said step of determining said location information related to the mobile station executed in the mobile station (see col. 6, lines 11-22).

Referring to Claim 32, Dennison also teaches said step of determining said location information related to the mobile station executed in a network element on the network infrastructure side (see col. 5, lines 27-32).

Referring to Claims 33 and 50, Dennison also teaches determining said location information related to the mobile station based on the method of locating by a global positioning system (see col. 5, lines 24-25).

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Referring to Claim 34, Dennison also teaches said location obtaining step executed periodically (see col. 8, lines 1-4).

Referring to Claims 35 and 36, Dennison also teaches said location obtaining step executed upon predetermined occasions wherein said predetermined occasion is an attachment procedure of the mobile station to the communication network (see col. 5, lines 27-31).

Referring to Claims 37 and 51, Dennison also teaches checking whether a further measurement is to be performed, selecting a type of further measurement, if a measurement is to be performed, executing the measurement selected in said selected step, verifying whether a measurement result represents a second handover condition, and if the result of said verifying step represents the second handover condition, initiating execution of said target cell designation step for performing the handover (all in fig. 11B).

Referring to Claim 38, Dennison also teaches the coverage area of the base transceiver station designated in said designating step and to which the communication connection is to be directed as a coverage area adjacent to the coverage area of the current base transceiver station (see fig. 1).

Referring to Claim 47, Dennison also teaches a memory means 30 (fig. 8) for memorizing location information related to the mobile station and position information related to the base transceiver stations.

Referring to Claim 48, Dennison also teaches said means for determining location information related to the mobile station and for transmitting said determined

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location information to a respective network device performing said processing located in the mobile station (see col. 6, lines 11-22).

Referring to Claim 49, Dennison also teaches said means for determining location information related to the mobile station and for transmitting said determined location information to a respective network device performing said processing located in a network element on the network infrastructure side (see col. 5, lines 27-32).

4. Claims 39-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dennison and Zadeh in view of Menich (WO 93/19560).

Referring to Claim 39, the combination of Dennison and Zadeh does not teach the coverage area of the base transceiver station designated in said designating step and to which the communication connection is to be directed as a coverage area not adjacent to the coverage area of the current base transceiver station. Menich teaches the coverage area of the base transceiver station designated in said designating step and to which the communication connection is to be directed as a coverage area not adjacent to the coverage area of the current base transceiver station (see ABSTRACT). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Menich to said method of Dennison in order to reduce unnecessary power waste in a communication network.

Referring to Claim 40, Menich also teaches the coverage area not adjacent to the coverage area of the current base transceiver station to which the communication

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connection is to be directed is known to the communication network (see pg. 5, lines 9-11).

Referring to Claim 41, Menich also teaches the base transceiver station with the coverage area not adjacent to the coverage area of the current base transceiver station, to which the communication connection is to be directed, is a predetermined base transceiver station (see pg. 5, lines 11-14).

Referring to Claim 42, Menich also teaches the position information of the predetermined base transceiver station stored in the mobile station (see pg. 7, lines 1-6).

### Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 27-51 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eugene Yun whose telephone number is (703) 305-2689. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:30pm Alt. Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on (703) 308-6739. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Eugene Yun Examiner Art Unit 2682

EY

VIVIAN CHIN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

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